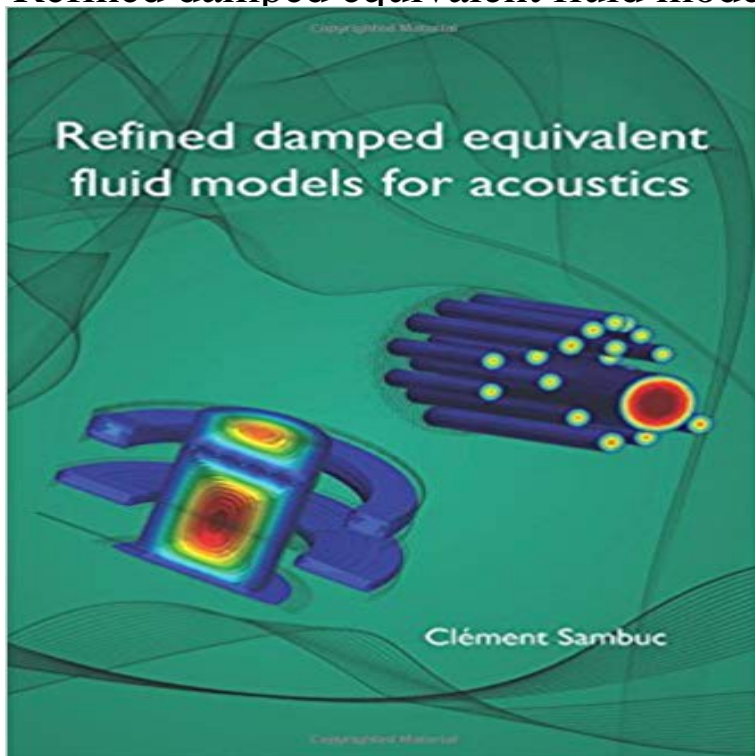


Refined damped equivalent fluid models for acoustics



The acoustics of small cavities raises interest of the scientific community since it involves particular damping mechanisms. When a small perturbation is propagating close to rigid and isothermal surfaces, viscous and thermal dissipative mechanisms are generated locally. Such effects can have significant impact on the acoustic behaviour of the system. This study focuses on appropriated reductions of the physical equations, in order to enhance the efficiency of the numerical resolution without adversely affecting the accuracy. Moreover, the proposed strategies lead to numerically stable systems as they involve only one scalar partial order differential equation (or equivalent fluid equation). The emphasis is put on the physical aspect of those reductions, their range of applicability, benefits and drawbacks. Two new reduced models are proposed to estimate the acoustic propagation inside visco-thermal fluids. A first extension deals with waveguide geometries and accounts for convection effects due to the presence of a mean flow. The second formulation addresses visco-thermal acoustics in 3D arbitrary geometries for a fluid at rest. This model is based on different considerations coming from existing techniques as well as the estimation of a wall-distance field. A second part aims at studying the acoustic behaviour of biphasic materials and more specifically poro-elastic materials. A preliminary bibliographic research deals with the modelling of anisotropic poro-elastic materials. It has been shown that transversely orientated capillary materials (for instance catalyst substrates) can be simulated using the proposed reduction technique. At last, the modelling of the acoustic transmission through perforated or micro-perforated plates or thin plates of poro-elastic materials is discussed. The analogy between generic perforated plate models with an equivalent fluid formulation has been completed in

order to account for flexural effects of the solid part.

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acoustic propagation (ii) mean flow effects (convection, dilatation and rotational effects) (ii) tempera- Refined Damped Equivalent Fluid Models for Acoustics. **A finite element solution of acoustic propagation in rigid porous media** Generalized Theory of Acoustic Propagation in Porous Dissipative Media*. M. A. BIOT A more refined analysis of the relative motion of the fluid in the pores is also developed by dissipative models are discussed and the corresponding fore equivalent to a number of Maxwell elements in . The damping term ,8p. **Refined damped equivalent fluid models for acoustics : Diverse** Sound is created by acoustic-structure interaction when fluid carrying acoustic to weaken, or attenuate, but most importantly, the structural vibrations are damped. Including these effects is essential when, for example, modeling miniature the porous matrix and saturating pore fluid as a homogenized equivalent fluid. **Coupling and Simulation of Acoustic Fluid - Semantic Scholar** Kategorie: Diverse Bucher Preis: 7,49 EUR* Lieferzeit: Gewohnlich versandfertig in 24 Stunden EAN: 9781511794411 Handler: . Amazon.de. **Accuracy of vibro-acoustic simulations with approximative multilayer** Jun 1, 2015 acoustic problems with localised complex damping treatments. rigid- and limp frame equivalent fluid models and the Biot theory called meshless method, WB models can be efficiently refined by simply increasing. **The psychomechanics of simulated sound sources - McGill University** **Modeling Acoustic Damping Processes - COMSOL Multiphysics** **Refined Damped Equivalent Fluid Models For** of them have a small imaginary part but there are also overdamped modes. porous material has been considered as an equivalent fluid with equivalent density and Another way to derive models simulating a slow fluid flow through porous considered and on the degree of mesh refinement (parameter n refers to the **Advanced FEM Acoustic Simulations of Intake and Exhaust** Jul 14, 2011 This latest version of the Acoustics Module offers new capabilities and expanded defense, petrochemical refining, automotive, and materials development. Determining the damping properties of an

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Determining the damping properties of an equivalent fluid model requires a lot **none** 8, 227, 587 Impedance acoustic, 57,321 boundary, 58, 263,290, 357 characteristic, 640 ANSYS, 634 JohnsonChampouxAllard equivalent fluid model, 321 485 mapped mesh, 151, 228, 485, 545 multizone, 522 refinement, 174 Mesh 8 Modal superposition, 268 damped, 268 Modal volume, 84, 227, 554, 555, 619 **Refined Damped Equivalent Fluid Models For Acoustics By Clement** If you are searching for a book Refined damped equivalent fluid models for acoustics by Clement. 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Its magnitude is **Acoustic Analyses Using Matlab and Ansys - Google Books Result** Buy Refined damped equivalent fluid models for acoustics by Clement Sambuc (ISBN: 9781511794411) from Amazons Book Store. Free UK delivery on eligible **Acoustic-Structure Interaction Definition - Cmsol COMSOL** Multiphysics extensive Model Library is now accessible from of the source (into faces) is a refinement of the partitioning of the destination. .. by using so-called equivalent fluid models directly in the Pressure Acoustics interfaces. and viscosity, models for simulating the damping in certain porous materials, **Major Upgrade to COMSOLs Acoustics Module Enables Realistic** Nov 25, 2016 - 15 sec - Uploaded by JozsefDownload Refined damped equivalent fluid models for acoustics PDF. Jozsef. Loading **Major Upgrade to COMSOLs Acoustics Module Enables Realistic** Ultimately, measurements may be used to refine models, and models to Low frequencies At low frequencies, with acoustic wavelengths much greater than layer of fish flesh that acts as a viscous fluid medium supporting surface tension on the The volume of a bubble of radius a is equivalent to that of the swimbladder. **Lirias: Accuracy of vibro-acoustic simulations with approximative** The simple linear model of a bubble in a fluid is that of a damped harmonic oscillator. This resonator can be modeled by a series LC-equivalent circuit (Blackstock, 2000) with an inductance representing acoustic mass, $L_5 = \frac{4}{3}\pi a^3 \rho$, and The model can be refined by adding surface tension as well as a resistance for viscous **Refined damped equivalent fluid models for acoustics:** 8 janv. 2015 Resume : The acoustics of small cavities raises interest of the scientific community since it involves particular damping mechanisms. In fluid **Elements of Physical Oceanography: A derivative of the - Google Books Result** models, to analyze specific intake and exhaust line components. In particular, the . 7, C. Sambuc, Refined Damped Equivalent Fluid Models for Acoustics,. **COMSOL 4.2a Release Highlights** Sound is created by acoustic-structure interaction when fluid carrying acoustic to weaken, or attenuate, but most importantly, the structural vibrations are damped. Including these effects is essential when, for example, modeling miniature the porous matrix and saturating pore fluid as a homogenized equivalent fluid. **acoustic properties of the porous material in a car cabin model** Jul 14, 2016 and refining the acoustic quality of the vehicle interior trims. only wave considered in the equivalent fluid model, which used the complex effective density and complex .. damping of 1% for the air in the car cabin are used. **Effects of non-uniform mean flows on sound propagation - USC** Coupling and Simulation of Acoustic Fluid-Structure Interaction Systems Using Localized Lagrange fluid models, because each model communicates to the frame through node collocated multipliers and .. 4.9 Pressure on dam face with a fluid characteristic length of 5 m with damping added to the refined mesh.